A CUSTOMS APPROACH TO COMBAT TRAFFICKING IN FRAUDULENT MEDICINE

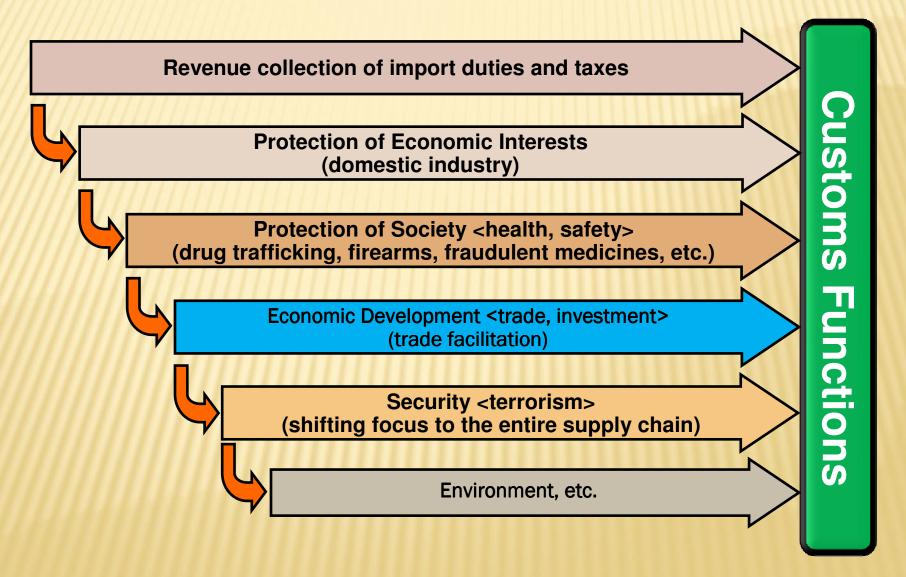
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Technical Conference on the Trafficking in Fraudulent Medicines

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Technical Attaché

World Customs Organization

EVOLUTION OF CUSTOMS



CUSTOMS (WCO) APPROACH

- Building capacity of Customs officers (Awareness, knowledge and risk analysis techniques)
- Cooperation with strategic partners (e.g. drug regulators)
- Public-private partnership

16 Ports

Luanda

Cotonou

Douala

Abidjan

Matadi

Libreville

Tema

Conakry

Mombasa

Monrovia

Maputo

Lagos

Pointe Noire

Dakar

Dar es Salaam

Lomé



16 Countries

Angola

Benin

Cameroon

Côte d'Ivoire

DRC

Gabon

Ghana

Guinea

Kenya

Liberia

Mozambique

Nigeria

Rep. of Congo

Senegal

Tanzania

Togo

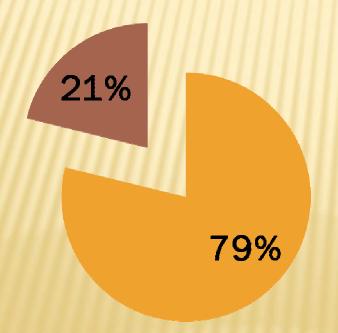
Products Targeted

* Main Priority: Health and Safety of Consumers.

- 1. Pharmaceutical products
- 2. Spare parts
- 3. Foodstuff

- > 16 countries
- > 84 containers
- > 104,408,652 products intercepted





A total of 82,419,584 pharmaceutical products were intercepted.

IPM

- ➤ Interface Public Members
- ➤ A database of information that equips Customs officers with sufficient knowledge to better recognize fake

goods

Significant support from pharmaceutical industry



Achievements

- A better understanding of the scope of the fraud phenomena.
- Assessment of the practical applicability of risk analysis standards under real-life conditions.
- Detection of new fraud vectors.
- IPM tool tested and its utility proven in real-life.
- Enhancement of partnership with other strategic partners (e.g. health authorities) and with the private sector.

WORKING WITH OTHER PARTNERS

Operation PANGEA (drug regulators, police and customs as well as the private sector)

* WCO-UNODC Container Control Programme (CCP)

(multi-agency Port Control Unit)

THANK YOU

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