



## The UNODC Human Trafficking Case Law Database

The UNODC Human Trafficking Case Law Database is a unique public online tool to collect and disseminate information on human trafficking cases from all over the world.

The Database serves to increase the visibility of successful prosecutions, identify global patterns, and promote the realities of this devastating crime.

The Database sheds light on the many questions which surround the crime of trafficking in persons, and the answers to which are key in developing appropriate and targeted responses to this global crime.

As of January 2015, the Database includes over 1,100 cases from 90 countries.

Visit the UNODC Human Trafficking Case Law Database at: [www.unodc.org/cld](http://www.unodc.org/cld).

Or contact the UNODC Human Trafficking and Migrant Smuggling Section at: [htmss@unodc.org](mailto:htmss@unodc.org).



- What are the trends, flows and patterns of trafficking in persons?
- What are the different forms of trafficking in persons?
- What are the industries that trafficking in persons can be found in?
- Do cultural practices contribute to or impact on trafficking in persons?
- What are the profiles of traffickers?
- What are the profiles of victims?
- Are there any common characteristics or vulnerabilities of trafficked persons?
- How are victims recruited?
- What are the common forms of control of victims?
- How are victims rescued?
- How are trafficking cases investigated?
- How are victims interviewed?
- What measures are put in place to protect victims of human trafficking?
- What are the common policy and advocacy issues faced by countries in addressing trafficking in persons?
- How is trafficking in persons linked to organized crime?
- What forms of international cooperation are used to combat trafficking in persons?